

CHEVRON OAK LAPIS

lightly smoked

3-Layer top layer approx. 3,6 mm

Initial oil treatment required!



Illustration noblesse

Admonter FLOORs on underfloor heating systems

Admonter FLOORs are ideally suited for underfloor heating systems. We recommend hot-water underfloor heating systems set at low temperature.



Please find detailed information in the information sheet Admonter FLOORs on underfloor heating systems!

Admonter accessories

The wide range of accessories matches the Admonter FLOORs and includes matching boarders, flush-mount skirting and solutions for staircases.

Regular care and maintenance

Please see the Admonter maintenance & installation instructions for small format floorboards.

Further information

<http://www.admonter.eu/en/downloads/>

Grading	Thickness (mm)	Construction	Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Texture	Texture	Profile	
noblesse	45°	3-Layer	120	small	500	brushed	ec	Tongue & groove
	60°	3-Layer	120	small	525	brushed	ec	Tongue & groove
basic	45°	3-Layer	120	small	500	brushed	ec	Tongue & groove
	60°	3-Layer	120	small	525	brushed	ec	Tongue & groove

Backing: 3-Layer = Solid wood / ec: natural oiled easy care

Please note:

Small formats have to be glued-down with Admonter elastic adhesive over the entire surface. Only left or right elements per package unit!

In order to achieve an optimal chamfer wetting, an INITIAL CARE is absolutely **necessary** (see pictures). The right Admonter maintenance oil for initial care is automatically included in the delivery in your own invoice item.

Repair and supplementary oils are available on request.

Natural color changes:

All Admonter floors are a natural product and will over time change colour. Depending on the amount of exposure your floor has to sunlight, lighter timber will turn darker and darker timber will become lighter. This change is most pronounced in the first 3-6 months.

Smoked products:

The smoking process naturally highlights the color differences caused by fluctuations in the tannic acid content of the tree. Due to the change in pH during the smoking process, these tannins react with the atmospheric oxygen, which causes the desired color changes. Since the pH value does not suddenly change at the end of the smoking process and atmospheric oxygen is also omnipresent, natural post-ripening processes occur. These ripening processes subside in the first few months until the desired color is achieved. This play of colors can be seen on a small scale within a plank and over a large area from one plank to another.

Technical information

More information (for example concerning fire classification) in the accompanying information to CE-marking at <http://www.admonter.eu/en/downloads/>

Type of wood	Thickness (mm)	Weight [kg/m²]	Moisture content [%]	Lambda [W/m K]	d-Value R [m² K/W]	Hardness [N/mm²]	Fire classification
Oak	15	8,6	7+/-2	0,15	0,100	41	C ₁ -s1

